

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/18/024

Project No. CKL 1 - Flat 121 Cha Kwo Ling Village
 Date: 4-Jan-24 Next Due Date: 4-Mar-24 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-18 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 0723

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	<u>290</u>	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	<u>765.7</u>

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	<u>3864</u>	Slope, mc	<u>0.05928</u>	Intercept, bc	<u>-0.03491</u>
Last Calibration Date:	<u>16-Jan-23</u>	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	<u>16-Jan-24</u>	$Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	<u>13.6</u>	<u>3.75</u>	<u>63.89</u>	<u>9.6</u>	<u>3.15</u>
2	<u>10.2</u>	<u>3.25</u>	<u>55.41</u>	<u>7.6</u>	<u>2.81</u>
3	<u>8.5</u>	<u>2.97</u>	<u>50.63</u>	<u>5.6</u>	<u>2.41</u>
4	<u>6.3</u>	<u>2.55</u>	<u>43.67</u>	<u>3.6</u>	<u>1.93</u>
5	<u>3.4</u>	<u>1.88</u>	<u>32.24</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>1.44</u>

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0565 Intercept, bw : -0.4313
 Correlation coefficient* = 0.9930

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; W = $(mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 3.86

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: Date: 4-Jan-24

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: Date: 4-Jan-24

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/55/024

Project No. CKL 2 - Flat 103 Cha Kwo Ling Village
 Date: 4-Jan-24 Next Due Date: 4-Mar-24 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-55 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 1956

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	290	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	765.7

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	3864	Slope, mc	0.05928	Intercept, bc	-0.03491
Last Calibration Date:	16-Jan-23	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	16-Jan-24	$Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	13.6	3.75	63.89	9.9	3.20
2	11.3	3.42	58.29	7.9	2.86
3	9.4	3.12	53.21	6.2	2.53
4	5.6	2.41	41.21	3.0	1.76
5	3.5	1.90	32.70	2.0	1.44

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0580 Intercept, bw : -0.5302

Correlation coefficient* = 0.9963

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; $W = (mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 3.72

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: Date: 4-Jan-24

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: Date: 4-Jan-24

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/04/0022

Project No. KER 1 - Future Residential Development at Kerry Godown
 Date: 10-Jan-24 Next Due Date: 10-Mar-24 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-04 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 10595

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	<u>293.3</u>	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	<u>764</u>

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	<u>3864</u>	Slope, mc	<u>0.05928</u>	Intercept, bc	<u>-0.03491</u>
Last Calibration Date:	<u>16-Jan-23</u>	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	<u>16-Jan-24</u>	$Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	<u>13.1</u>	3.66	62.29	<u>9.3</u>	3.08
2	<u>10.4</u>	3.26	55.57	<u>7.2</u>	2.71
3	<u>8.4</u>	2.93	50.00	<u>5.6</u>	2.39
4	<u>5.3</u>	2.33	39.84	<u>3.5</u>	1.89
5	<u>3.5</u>	1.89	32.48	<u>2.1</u>	1.46

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0537 Intercept, bw : -0.2724

Correlation coefficient* = 0.9997

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; W = $(mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 4.06

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: [Signature] Date: 10-Jan-24

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: [Signature] Date: 10-Jan-24

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/44/0021

Project No. KTD1 - Centre of Excellence in Paediatrics (Children's Hospital)
 Date: 10-Jan-24 Next Due Date: 10-Mar-24 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-44 Model No.: TE-5170 Serial No. 1316

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	293.3	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	764

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	3864	Slope, mc	0.05928	Intercept, bc	-0.03491
Last Calibration Date:	16-Jan-23	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ $Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			
Next Calibration Date:	16-Jan-24				

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	13.3	3.69	62.76	9.5	3.11
2	11.0	3.35	57.13	7.3	2.73
3	8.8	3.00	51.16	5.5	2.37
4	6.2	2.52	43.04	3.7	1.94
5	3.7	1.94	33.38	2.3	1.53

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0536 Intercept, bw : -0.3163

Correlation coefficient* = 0.9956

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; W = $(mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 3.88

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: Date: 10-Jan-24

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: Date: 10-Jan-24

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/41/0022

Project No. KTD 2D - Next to the SOR Office of Trunk Road T2 in Kai Tak Area
 Date: 10-Jan-24 Next Due Date: 10-Mar-24 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-41 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 5280

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	<u>299.9</u>	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	<u>762.1</u>

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	<u>3864</u>	Slope, mc	<u>0.05928</u>	Intercept, bc	<u>-0.03491</u>
Last Calibration Date:	<u>16-Jan-23</u>	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	<u>16-Jan-24</u>	$Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	<u>13.8</u>	3.71	63.14	<u>9.4</u>	3.06
2	<u>11.3</u>	3.36	57.19	<u>8.4</u>	2.89
3	<u>9.3</u>	3.04	51.94	<u>6.2</u>	2.49
4	<u>6.9</u>	2.62	44.82	<u>4.1</u>	2.02
5	<u>3.9</u>	1.97	33.84	<u>2.2</u>	1.48

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0566 Intercept, bw : -0.4543
 Correlation coefficient* = 0.9941

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation	
From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM	
From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to	
$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	
Therefore, Set Point; $W = (mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ <u>3.94</u>	

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: Date: 10-Jan-24

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: Date: 10-Jan-24

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/18/025

Project No. CKL 1 - Flat 121 Cha Kwo Ling Village
 Date: 4-Mar-24 Next Due Date: 4-May-24 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-18 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 0723

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	<u>292.7</u>	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	<u>759.3</u>

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	<u>3864</u>	Slope, mc	<u>0.05976</u>	Intercept, bc	<u>-0.05018</u>
Last Calibration Date:	<u>15-Jan-24</u>	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	<u>14-Jan-25</u>	$Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	<u>13.7</u>	3.73	63.31	<u>9.4</u>	3.09
2	<u>10.3</u>	3.24	55.00	<u>7.3</u>	2.72
3	<u>8.6</u>	2.96	50.33	<u>5.5</u>	2.37
4	<u>6.3</u>	2.53	43.20	<u>3.6</u>	1.91
5	<u>3.7</u>	1.94	33.30	<u>2.0</u>	1.43

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0573 Intercept, bw : -0.5035
 Correlation coefficient* = 0.9968

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; W = $(mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 3.77

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: [Signature] Date: 4-Mar-24

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: [Signature] Date: 4-Mar-24

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/55/025

Project No. CKL 2 - Flat 103 Cha Kwo Ling Village
 Date: 4-Mar-24 Next Due Date: 4-May-24 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-55 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 1956

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	<u>292.7</u>	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	<u>759.3</u>

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	<u>3864</u>	Slope, mc	<u>0.05976</u>	Intercept, bc	<u>-0.05018</u>
Last Calibration Date:	<u>15-Jan-24</u>	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	<u>14-Jan-25</u>	$Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	<u>13.7</u>	3.73	63.31	<u>9.8</u>	3.16
2	<u>11.4</u>	3.41	57.82	<u>7.8</u>	2.82
3	<u>9.5</u>	3.11	52.86	<u>6.1</u>	2.49
4	<u>5.7</u>	2.41	41.13	<u>3.1</u>	1.78
5	<u>3.6</u>	1.91	32.86	<u>2.0</u>	1.43

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0577 Intercept, bw : -0.5305
 Correlation coefficient* = 0.9975

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; W = $(mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 3.75

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: [Signature] Date: 4-Mar-24

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: [Signature] Date: 4-Mar-24

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/04/0023

Project No. KER 1 - Future Residential Development at Kerry Godown
 Date: 10-Mar-24 Next Due Date: 10-May-24 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-04 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 10595

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	289	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	765.8

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	3864	Slope, mc	0.05976	Intercept, bc	-0.05018
Last Calibration Date:	15-Jan-24	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	14-Jan-25	$Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	13.4	3.73	63.28	9.2	3.09
2	10.7	3.33	56.63	7.3	2.75
3	8.6	2.99	50.86	5.5	2.39
4	5.5	2.39	40.84	3.6	1.93
5	3.7	1.96	33.65	2.3	1.55

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0519 Intercept, bw : -0.2044

Correlation coefficient* = 0.9991

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; W = $(mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 3.96

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: [Signature] Date: 10-Mar-24

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: [Signature] Date: 10-Mar-24

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/44/0022

Project No. KTD1 - Centre of Excellence in Paediatrics (Children's Hospital)
 Date: 10-Mar-24 Next Due Date: 10-May-24 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-44 Model No.: TE-5170 Serial No. 1316

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	289	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	765.8

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	3864	Slope, mc	0.05976	Intercept, bc	-0.05018
Last Calibration Date:	15-Jan-24	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	14-Jan-25	$Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	13.6	3.76	63.74	9.7	3.17
2	11.3	3.43	58.18	7.5	2.79
3	9.0	3.06	52.01	5.7	2.43
4	6.4	2.58	43.99	3.9	2.01
5	3.9	2.01	34.52	2.3	1.55

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0552 Intercept, bw : -0.3945

Correlation coefficient* = 0.9980

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; W = $(mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 3.77

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: [Signature] Date: 10-Mar-24

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: [Signature] Date: 10-Mar-24

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/41/0023

Project No. KTD 2D - Next to the SOR Office of Trunk Road T2 in Kai Tak Area
 Date: 10-Mar-24 Next Due Date: 10-May-24 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-41 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 5280

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	289	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	765.8

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	3864	Slope, mc	0.05976	Intercept, bc	-0.05018
Last Calibration Date:	15-Jan-24	$mc \times Q_{std} + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	14-Jan-25	$Q_{std} = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	14.0	3.81	64.66	9.6	3.16
2	11.5	3.46	58.68	8.6	2.99
3	9.5	3.14	53.41	6.4	2.58
4	7.0	2.70	45.97	4.5	2.16
5	4.0	2.04	34.95	2.2	1.51

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0573 Intercept, bw : -0.4746

Correlation coefficient* = 0.9955

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Q_{std} + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; W = $(mw \times Q_{std} + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 3.81

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: Date: 10-Mar-24

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: Date: 10-Mar-24

Certificate of Calibration

Calibration Certification Information			
Cal. Date: January 15, 2024	Rootsmeter S/N: 438320	Ta: 294	°K
Operator: Jim Tisch		Pa: 755.4	mm Hg
Calibration Model #: TE-5025A	Calibrator S/N: 3864		

Run	Vol. Init (m3)	Vol. Final (m3)	ΔVol. (m3)	ΔTime (min)	ΔP (mm Hg)	ΔH (in H2O)
1	1	2	1	1.4380	3.3	2.00
2	3	4	1	1.0270	6.4	4.00
3	5	6	1	0.9180	8.0	5.00
4	7	8	1	0.8750	8.9	5.50
5	9	10	1	0.7230	12.9	8.00

Data Tabulation					
Vstd (m3)	Qstd (x-axis)	$\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Pa}{Pstd} \right) \left(\frac{Tstd}{Ta} \right)}$ (y-axis)	Va	Qa (x-axis)	$\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Ta}{Pa} \right)}$ (y-axis)
1.0031	0.6975	1.4195	0.9956	0.6924	0.8823
0.9989	0.9727	2.0075	0.9915	0.9655	1.2477
0.9968	1.0858	2.2444	0.9894	1.0778	1.3950
0.9956	1.1378	2.3539	0.9882	1.1294	1.4631
0.9903	1.3697	2.8390	0.9829	1.3595	1.7645
QSTD	m=	2.11196	QA	m=	1.32248
	b=	-0.05043		b=	-0.03134
	r=	0.99998		r=	0.99998

Calculations			
Vstd=	$\Delta Vol \left(\frac{Pa - \Delta P}{Pstd} \right) \left(\frac{Tstd}{Ta} \right)$	Va=	$\Delta Vol \left(\frac{Pa - \Delta P}{Pa} \right)$
Qstd=	Vstd/ΔTime	Qa=	Va/ΔTime
For subsequent flow rate calculations:			
Qstd=	$1/m \left(\left(\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Pa}{Pstd} \right) \left(\frac{Tstd}{Ta} \right)} \right) - b \right)$	Qa=	$1/m \left(\left(\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Ta}{Pa} \right)} \right) - b \right)$

Standard Conditions	
Tstd:	298.15 °K
Pstd:	760 mm Hg
Key	
ΔH:	calibrator manometer reading (in H2O)
ΔP:	rootsmeter manometer reading (mm Hg)
Ta:	actual absolute temperature (°K)
Pa:	actual barometric pressure (mm Hg)
b:	intercept
m:	slope

RECALIBRATION
US EPA recommends annual recalibration per 1998 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 50 to 51, Appendix B to Part 50, Reference Method for the Determination of Suspended Particulate Matter in the Atmosphere, 9.2.17, page 30

Certificate of Calibration - Wind Monitoring Station

Description: Yau Lai Estate, Bik Lai House
 Manufacturer: Davis Instruments
 Model No.: Davis7440
 Serial No.: MC01010A44
 Equipment No.: SA-03-04
 Date of Calibration: 18-Feb-2024
 Next Due Date: 18-Aug-2024

1. Performance check of Wind Speed

Wind Speed, m/s		Difference D (m/s)
Wind Speed Reading (V1)	Anemometer Value (V2)	D = V1 - V2
0.0	0.0	0.0
1.5	1.7	-0.2
2.5	2.4	0.1
4.0	3.8	0.2

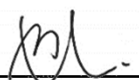
2. Performance check of Wind Direction

Wind Direction (°)		Difference D (°)
Wind Direction Reading (W1)	Marine Compass Value (W2)	D = W1 - W2
0	0	0.0
90	90	0.0
180	180	0.0
270	270	0.0

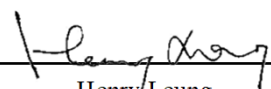
Test Specification:

1. Performance Wind Speed Test - The wind meter was on-site calibrated against the anemometer
2. Performance Wind Direction Test - The wind meter was on-site calibrated against the marine compass at four direction

Calibrated by:


 Wong Shing Kwai

Approved by:


 Henry Leung