

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/18/018

Project No. CKL 1 - Flat 121 Cha Kwo Ling Village
 Date: 5-Jan-23 Next Due Date: 7-Mar-23 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-18 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 0723

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	291.5	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	767.6

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	3864	Slope, mc	0.05922	Intercept, bc	-0.02420
Last Calibration Date:	31-Jan-22	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	31-Jan-23	$Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	12.6	3.61	61.32	9.6	3.15
2	9.9	3.20	54.40	7.7	2.82
3	8.2	2.91	49.54	5.4	2.36
4	5.9	2.47	42.09	3.5	1.90
5	3.2	1.82	31.10	2.0	1.44

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, $m_w =$ 0.0587 Intercept, $b_w =$ -0.4637
 Correlation coefficient* = 0.9915

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$m_w \times Qstd + b_w = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; $W = (m_w \times Qstd + b_w)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 4.10

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: Date: 5-Jan-23

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: Date: 5-Jan-23

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/55/018

Project No. CKL 2 - Flat 103 Cha Kwo Ling Village
 Date: 5-Jan-23 Next Due Date: 7-Mar-23 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-55 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 1956

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	<u>291.5</u>	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	<u>767.6</u>

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	<u>3864</u>	Slope, mc	<u>0.05922</u>	Intercept, bc	<u>-0.02420</u>
Last Calibration Date:	<u>31-Jan-22</u>	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ $Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			
Next Calibration Date:	<u>31-Jan-23</u>				

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	<u>12.7</u>	3.62	61.56	<u>9.8</u>	3.18
2	<u>10.6</u>	3.31	56.27	<u>7.5</u>	2.78
3	<u>8.5</u>	2.96	50.43	<u>5.6</u>	2.40
4	<u>5.2</u>	2.32	39.54	<u>3.1</u>	1.79
5	<u>2.8</u>	1.70	29.12	<u>1.9</u>	1.40

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0548 Intercept, bw : -0.2871
 Correlation coefficient* = 0.9926

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; $W = (mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 4.15

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: Date: 5-Jan-23

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: Date: 5-Jan-23

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/04/0016

Project No. KER 1 - Future Residential Development at Kerry Godown
 Date: 10-Jan-23 Next Due Date: 12-Mar-23 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-04 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 10595

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	291.2	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	764.1

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	3864	Slope, mc	0.05922	Intercept, bc	-0.02420
Last Calibration Date:	31-Jan-22	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ $Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			
Next Calibration Date:	31-Jan-23				

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	13.7	3.75	63.81	10.1	3.22
2	11.0	3.36	57.22	7.6	2.80
3	8.9	3.03	51.51	6.1	2.51
4	5.9	2.46	42.01	3.7	1.95
5	3.6	1.92	32.91	2.2	1.50

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0555 Intercept, bw : -0.3499

Correlation coefficient* = 0.9990

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; W = $(mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 4.03

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: [Signature] Date: 10-Jan-23

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: [Signature] Date: 10-Jan-23

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/44/0016

Project No. KTD1 - Centre of Excellence in Paediatrics (Children's Hospital)
 Date: 10-Jan-23 Next Due Date: 12-Mar-23 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-44 Model No.: TE-5170 Serial No. 1316

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	291.2	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	764.2

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	3864	Slope, mc	0.05922	Intercept, bc	-0.02420
Last Calibration Date:	31-Jan-22	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ $Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			
Next Calibration Date:	31-Jan-23				

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	13.8	3.77	64.04	10.5	3.29
2	11.6	3.45	58.75	8.2	2.90
3	9.3	3.09	52.65	6.3	2.55
4	6.4	2.57	43.74	4.2	2.08
5	3.9	2.00	34.24	2.7	1.67

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0539 Intercept, bw : -0.2338
 Correlation coefficient* = 0.9958

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM
 From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; W = $(mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 4.22

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: Date: 10-Jan-23

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: Date: 10-Jan-23

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/41/0016

Project No. KTD 2D - Next to the SOR Office of Trunk Road T2 in Kai Tak Area
 Date: 10-Jan-23 Next Due Date: 12-Mar-23 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-41 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 5280

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	<u>291.2</u>	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	<u>764.2</u>

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	<u>3864</u>	Slope, mc	<u>0.05922</u>	Intercept, bc	<u>-0.02420</u>
Last Calibration Date:	<u>31-Jan-22</u>	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	<u>31-Jan-23</u>	$Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	<u>13.9</u>	3.78	64.27	<u>10.9</u>	3.35
2	<u>11.1</u>	3.38	57.48	<u>9.2</u>	3.08
3	<u>9.2</u>	3.08	52.36	<u>6.9</u>	2.66
4	<u>6.8</u>	2.65	45.08	<u>5.0</u>	2.27
5	<u>4.0</u>	2.03	34.67	<u>2.7</u>	1.67

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0582 Intercept, bw : -0.3475
 Correlation coefficient* = 0.9973

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; $W = (mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 4.51

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: Date: 10-Jan-23

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: Date: 10-Jan-23

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/18/019

Project No. CKL 1 - Flat 121 Cha Kwo Ling Village
 Date: 4-Mar-23 Next Due Date: 4-May-23 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-18 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 0723

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	292.6	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	768.4

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	3864	Slope, mc	0.05928	Intercept, bc	-0.03491
Last Calibration Date:	16-Jan-23	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	16-Jan-24	$Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	12.8	3.63	61.83	9.9	3.19
2	10.2	3.24	55.26	7.9	2.85
3	8.4	2.94	50.20	5.7	2.42
4	6.1	2.51	42.87	3.6	1.93
5	3.3	1.84	31.69	1.8	1.36

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0625 Intercept, bw : -0.6700
 Correlation coefficient* = 0.9962

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; W = $(mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 3.95

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: Date: 4-Mar-23

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: Date: 4-Mar-23

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/55/018

Project No. CKL 2 - Flat 103 Cha Kwo Ling Village
 Date: 4-Mar-23 Next Due Date: 4-May-23 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-55 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 1956

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	292.6	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	768.4

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	3864	Slope, mc	0.05928	Intercept, bc	-0.03491
Last Calibration Date:	16-Jan-23	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	16-Jan-24	$Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X-axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	13.2	3.69	62.78	10.4	3.27
2	11.0	3.37	57.36	8.4	2.94
3	8.8	3.01	51.37	6.4	2.57
4	5.4	2.36	40.37	3.2	1.82
5	3.0	1.76	30.24	1.8	1.36

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, $m_w =$ 0.0600 Intercept, $b_w =$ -0.5162
 Correlation coefficient* = 0.9974

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$m_w \times Qstd + b_w = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; $W = (m_w \times Qstd + b_w)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 4.14

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: Date: 4-Mar-23

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: Date: 4-Mar-23

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/04/0017

Project No. KER 1 - Future Residential Development at Kerry Godown
 Date: 10-Mar-23 Next Due Date: 10-May-23 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-04 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 10595

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	<u>295.4</u>	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	<u>763.1</u>

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	<u>3864</u>	Slope, mc	<u>0.05928</u>	Intercept, bc	<u>-0.03491</u>
Last Calibration Date:	<u>16-Jan-23</u>	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ $Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			
Next Calibration Date:	<u>16-Jan-24</u>				

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	<u>13.0</u>	3.63	61.80	<u>9.6</u>	3.12
2	<u>10.5</u>	3.26	55.60	<u>7.2</u>	2.70
3	<u>8.5</u>	2.93	50.09	<u>5.8</u>	2.42
4	<u>5.6</u>	2.38	40.77	<u>3.5</u>	1.89
5	<u>3.4</u>	1.86	31.89	<u>2.1</u>	1.45

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0553 Intercept, bw = -0.3386
 Correlation coefficient* = 0.9988

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; W = $(mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 4.11

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: [Signature] Date: 10-Mar-23

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: [Signature] Date: 10-Mar-23

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/44/0017

Project No. KTD1 - Centre of Excellence in Paediatrics (Children's Hospital)
 Date: 10-Mar-23 Next Due Date: 10-May-23 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-44 Model No.: TE-5170 Serial No. 1316

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	<u>295.4</u>	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	<u>763.1</u>

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	<u>3864</u>	Slope, mc	<u>0.05928</u>	Intercept, bc	<u>-0.03491</u>
Last Calibration Date:	<u>16-Jan-23</u>	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	<u>16-Jan-24</u>	$Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	<u>13.1</u>	3.64	62.04	<u>9.9</u>	3.17
2	<u>11.0</u>	3.34	56.90	<u>7.8</u>	2.81
3	<u>8.8</u>	2.99	50.95	<u>6.0</u>	2.47
4	<u>6.1</u>	2.49	42.52	<u>4.0</u>	2.01
5	<u>3.6</u>	1.91	32.80	<u>2.4</u>	1.56

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0546 Intercept, bw = -0.2732

Correlation coefficient* = 0.9975

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation

From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; W = $(mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 4.24

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature: [Signature] Date: 10-Mar-23

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature: [Signature] Date: 10-Mar-23

High-Volume TSP Sampler

5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET



File No. MA20003/41/0017

Project No. KTD 2D - Next to the SOR Office of Trunk Road T2 in Kai Tak Area
 Date: 10-Mar-23 Next Due Date: 10-May-23 Operator: SK
 Equipment No.: A-01-41 Model No.: TE 5170 Serial No. 5280

Ambient Condition			
Temperature, Ta (K)	<u>295.4</u>	Pressure, Pa (mmHg)	<u>763.1</u>

Orifice Transfer Standard Information					
Serial No.	<u>3864</u>	Slope, mc	<u>0.05928</u>	Intercept, bc	<u>-0.03491</u>
Last Calibration Date:	<u>16-Jan-23</u>	$mc \times Qstd + bc = [\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$			
Next Calibration Date:	<u>16-Jan-24</u>	$Qstd = \{[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2} - bc\} / mc$			

Calibration of TSP Sampler					
Calibration Point	Orifice			HVS	
	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X-axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis
1	<u>13.6</u>	3.71	63.20	<u>9.9</u>	3.17
2	<u>11.2</u>	3.37	57.41	<u>8.5</u>	2.93
3	<u>9.2</u>	3.05	52.08	<u>6.5</u>	2.56
4	<u>6.8</u>	2.62	44.86	<u>4.4</u>	2.11
5	<u>3.8</u>	1.96	33.68	<u>2.4</u>	1.57

By Linear Regression of Y on X

Slope, mw = 0.0558 Intercept, bw = -0.3338
 Correlation coefficient* = 0.9976

*If Correlation Coefficient < 0.990, check and recalibrate.

Set Point Calculation


From the TSP Field Calibration Curve, take Qstd = 43 CFM

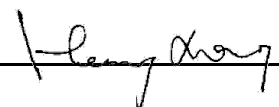
From the Regression Equation, the "Y" value according to

$$mw \times Qstd + bw = [\Delta W \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$$

Therefore, Set Point; $W = (mw \times Qstd + bw)^2 \times (760 / Pa) \times (Ta / 298) =$ 4.20

Remarks: _____

Conducted by: Wong Shing Kwai Signature:  Date: 10-Mar-23

Checked by: Henry Leung Signature:  Date: 10-Mar-23



Certificate of Calibration

Calibration Certification Information			
Cal. Date: January 16, 2023	Rootsmer S/N: 438320	Ta: 293	°K
Operator: Jim Tisch		Pa: 749.0	mm Hg
Calibration Model #: TE-5025A	Calibrator S/N: 3864		

Run	Vol. Init (m3)	Vol. Final (m3)	ΔVol. (m3)	ΔTime (min)	ΔP (mm Hg)	ΔH (in H2O)
1	1	2	1	1.4440	3.2	2.00
2	3	4	1	1.0220	6.4	4.00
3	5	6	1	0.9100	8.0	5.00
4	7	8	1	0.8710	8.8	5.50
5	9	10	1	0.7210	12.8	8.00

Data Tabulation					
Vstd (m3)	Qstd (x-axis)	$\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Pa}{Pstd} \right) \left(\frac{Tstd}{Ta} \right)}$ (y-axis)	Va	Qa (x-axis)	$\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Ta}{Pa} \right)}$ (y-axis)
0.9981	0.6912	1.4159	0.9957	0.6896	0.8845
0.9938	0.9724	2.0024	0.9915	0.9701	1.2509
0.9917	1.0898	2.2388	0.9893	1.0872	1.3985
0.9906	1.1373	2.3480	0.9883	1.1346	1.4668
0.9853	1.3665	2.8318	0.9829	1.3633	1.7690
QSTD	m=	2.09452	QA	m=	1.31155
	b=	-0.03493		b=	-0.02182
	r=	0.99995		r=	0.99995

Calculations	
Vstd= $\Delta Vol((Pa-\Delta P)/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)$	Va= $\Delta Vol((Pa-\Delta P)/Pa)$
Qstd= $Vstd/\Delta Time$	Qa= $Va/\Delta Time$
For subsequent flow rate calculations:	
$Qstd = 1/m \left(\left(\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Pa}{Pstd} \right) \left(\frac{Tstd}{Ta} \right)} \right) - b \right)$	$Qa = 1/m \left(\left(\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Ta}{Pa} \right)} \right) - b \right)$

Standard Conditions	
Tstd:	298.15 °K
Pstd:	760 mm Hg
Key	
ΔH: calibrator manometer reading (in H2O)	
ΔP: rootsmer manometer reading (mm Hg)	
Ta: actual absolute temperature (°K)	
Pa: actual barometric pressure (mm Hg)	
b: intercept	
m: slope	

RECALIBRATION
US EPA recommends annual recalibration per 1998 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 50 to 51, Appendix B to Part 50, Reference Method for the Determination of Suspended Particulate Matter in the Atmosphere, 9.2.17, page 30

Certificate of Calibration - Wind Monitoring Station

Description: Yau Lai Estate, Bik Lai House
 Manufacturer: Davis Instruments
 Model No.: Davis7440
 Serial No.: MC01010A44
 Equipment No.: SA-03-04
 Date of Calibration: 18-Feb-2023
 Next Due Date: 18-Aug-2023

1. Performance check of Wind Speed

Wind Speed, m/s		Difference D (m/s)
Wind Speed Reading (V1)	Anemometer Value (V2)	$D = V1 - V2$
0.0	0.0	0.0
1.2	1.3	-0.1
2.5	2.5	0.0
3.8	3.9	-0.1

2. Performance check of Wind Direction

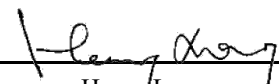
Wind Direction (°)		Difference D (°)
Wind Direction Reading (W1)	Marine Compass Value (W2)	$D = W1 - W2$
0	0	0.0
90	90	0.0
180	180	0.0
270	270	0.0

Test Specification:

1. Performance Wind Speed Test - The wind meter was on-site calibrated against the anemometer

2. Performance Wind Direction Test - The wind meter was on-site calibrated against the marine compass at four direction

Calibrated by: 
 Wong Shing Kwai

Approved by: 
 Henry Leung